

CUSTOM PLASTIC INJECTION For Complex Applications

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Injection molded plastic parts and components are common in many types of applications, with a global market value estimated at nearly \$300 billion. Manufacturers across a range of industries continue to innovate around proven and emerging benefits of plastics, seeking answers to complicated challenges and customer demands, and partnerships with injection molders that can produce unique solutions.

Defining Custom Plastic Injection Molding

The worldwide availability of molding methods may suggest that any choice is a good one, but strategic manufacturers understand that the types of molding and services offered vary greatly.

"Commodity molders may be able to quickly produce "custom" low-quality parts at attractive price points. However, plastic injection molders that specialize in ultra-advanced processes and production are relied on to create individualized solutions for industries including medical, automotive, military, and consumer and industrial."

<u>Custom plastic injection molding</u> for sophisticated, high-quality applications in specialized markets demands multiple scientific methods, analytical tools, and advanced molding process technologies – and not all molders have what it takes. Meeting precision and performance standards requires injection molder expertise and focus on four key stages of product development:

- 1. Part design
- 2. Materials selection
- 3. Tool design

4. Process control – scientific molding, insert molding, overmolding, etc.
Partnering with the appropriate injection molder and leveraging key processes gives manufacturers in rapidly changing markets a competitive advantage in the near and long term.

TYPES OF MOLDING METHODS

Not every injection molder is qualified to engineer sophisticated injection molded plastic parts and components. The same can be said for other molding methods which, in comparison to custom injection molding, are limited: • Blow molding: Plastic is heated and inflated with air until it conforms to the shape of a mold to create hollow, thin-walled objects, which is ideal for mass-produced items like plastic bottles and containers, or children's toys.

• Compression molding: Heated plastic is placed in a heated mold, then squeezed – or compressed – into the desired shape. Since advanced composites are often used with this process, compression molding generally produces sturdy, durable parts that can maintain the integrity and shape of parts of varying thicknesses, shapes, and lengths

• Extrusion molding: The extrusion process consists of pushing melted plastic directly through a die and the product takes on the die's shape. This method is often used for producing parts requiring continuous length and/or uniform cross sections, such as pipes of different configurations (straight,

- T- sections, circles, etc.)
- Rotational molding:

"Rotomolding" uses high temperatures and the spinning motion of a mold to distribute melted plastic throughout a mold cavity in order to create large, hollow shapes such as drums, tanks, or recreational equipment like kayaks that require strong, even walls. Rotomolding is a slow process but is very efficient from a materials-use perspective.

 3D printing: Both similar and dissimilar to injection molding, 3D printing gives engineers the power to create plastic designs at their desks in a matter of hours. Further, the process is suited for quick-turn, lowvolume, small-scale projects that may have a series of design changes.
 However, 3D printing cannot adequately replace the precision and robustness of custom plastic injection molding.

BENEFITS OF CUSTOM PLASTIC INJECTION MOLDING FOR COMPLEX APPLICATIONS

"OEMs have options when it comes to molding, but project expectations and functionality often drive the choice in direct proportion to molder capabilities."

For manufacturers with projectspecific needs, complex geometries, or any other detailed challenges, custom plastic injection molding provides numerous advantages:

Precision: For OEMs with complex part designs requiring tight

tolerances, custom plastic injection molders can achieve repeatable design accuracy to within +/- .001 inches.

Strength: There are many types of engineering-grade plastics to choose from to produce injection molded plastic parts and components, allowing OEMs to find exactly the right options for their applications and operating environments.

Part/Product Consistency: Complex applications require a repeatable process to achieve consistent product quality and performance. Custom plastic injection molding uses the same tool for each part, and scientific molding sensors are commonly used to monitor the activity inside the tool for reliable high-output production.

Lightweighting: From the automotive industry to military applications, many OEMs use plastic to help reduce the weight of their products. Today, high-strength, lightweight thermoplastics replace metal components with virtually no difference in strength or dependability.

Multiple Finishes: From matte finishes and unique textures to engraving, injection molding allows for the inclusion of a variety of surface finishes without the need for secondary operations.

Color Control: Custom or common colors can be added to the injection molding mix. Multiple colors can be used on a single product when twoshot or overmolding processes are used.

Simultaneous Use of Multiple Plastics: It's not uncommon for complex part designs to require components made of different materials. The expertise from the molder's plastics engineers can help ensure that different polymers are compatible under all conditions to help reduce defects.

Shorter Product Development Timeline: Utilizing tools and technologies such as upfront design analysis and support and mold filling analysis software, experienced custom injection molders significantly reduce the number of problems in part design well before production starts – maximizing moldability and minimizing the need for expensive tooling changes. These efficiencies shorten product development timelines, generally reduce project costs, and help get defect-free products to market faster. "In order to truly benefit from all of these advantages, it's important that manufacturers seek out experienced custom plastic injection molders that know how to maximize efficiency and overcome any design or process issues." Having the best equipment, technology, and materials will only get you so far; it's having the best, most experienced engineers and tooling partners that really makes a difference in lead times, costs, and final quality.

Optimizing The Custom Plastic Injection Molding Process

Partnering with a custom injection molder, like Yichyi, with the experience and insights to drive improvements in complex applications – from the product design phase through production – allows opportunities for process optimization through:

Design for Manufacturability (DfM):

The process of consciously and proactively designing products to optimize all facets of Manufacturing, including injection molding.

"Specialized DfM engineers align engineering and production in the initial design phase so potential moldability issues, tooling modifications, materials selection and substitutions, and other cost and production efficiencies can be identified and resolved before they result in costly rework."

Scientific Molding: A combination of material science and precise measurement specialized engineers use to completely discern – down to the molecular level - what's happening during every stage of the injection molding process. Fully understanding how all the different parameters interact in detail helps ensure that high precision is maintained across multiple production runs. Because all the data is recorded. it is easy to replicate the manufacturing process as needed, even when production is transferred from one machine to another, saving a tremendous amount of setup time.

Mold Filling Analysis: A sophisticated computer program that analyzes and predicts the flow and cooling of plastic during all phases of the injection molding process. Levels of mold filling analysis vary from simulating fill and packing phases to optimize gate location, gate sizes, and process conditions, through more advanced simulations comparing runner systems, mold temperatures, and fiber orientation to gauge shrink and warp.

Custom Plastic Injection Molding and Project Suitability

The needs of each project will largely dictate how OEMs select the appropriate molding method and, ultimately, their injection molding partner.

PROJECTS BEST SUITED FOR CUSTOM PLASTIC INJECTION MOLDING

Certain characteristics define projects that align best with custom plastic injection molding, including but not limited to:

• Large annual volume productions that justify the tooling investment.

• Component design geometries that involve complex designs and shapes.

• Complex applications that require precision, extremely tight

tolerances and/or a consistent, exceedingly high level of quality.

• Part consolidation or metal-toplastic conversion opportunities that streamline production and/ or address industry mandates, such as vehicle lightweighting requirements implemented in the auto industry.

• Applications constructed from expensive material(s) that would result in excessive waste and significant budgetary concerns if machined.

• Projects in which the part design will not change over several years, thereby maximizing the value of the tooling investment.

• Applications in which surface finish is a factor, as injection molding can yield a wide variety of textured or engraved surfaces.

PROJECTS NOT WELL SUITED FOR CUSTOM PLASTIC INJECTION MOLDING

Conversely, there are several scenarios in which custom plastic injection molding is not a cost-effective solution:

• Parts with large variations in wall thicknesses that could cause warping, reduced mechanical strength, or a host of other defects that jeopardize quality. Additive manufacturing or machining parts are better alternatives in this case.

• Low annual volume productions that cannot support the tooling expense. Additive manufacturing or machining parts are better alternatives in this case.

 Most hollow parts require welding to join pieces post-molding, which adds to project complexity, cost, and time. Blow molding and rotational molding ("rotomolding") are typically used with these types of applications.

TIGHT TOLERANCES

Tight tolerances frequently top an OEM's list of factors that impact projects and also influence injection molder selection. As such, it's worth noting how potential injection molding partners approach tight tolerances during the project design phase. A molder with the know-how and willingness to explore all aspects of the design is essential, and one that asks the tough questions upfront will contribute to successful outcomes:

• Is tight tolerance necessary for part performance, longevity, or appearance?

Many designers automatically set a tolerance in the CAD drafting software and all dimensions are toleranced to that number, when in reality the product may not need such a tight tolerance.

• What is the size of the part? Physical part size also affects tight tolerance capability. Large parts are difficult to hold to tight tolerances consistently. Local areas within the large part, however, are easier to manage and can be dimensioned accordingly.

• How will material type influence plastic behavior and tolerance?

Plastics typically have large thermal expansion coefficients; as a result, tight-tolerance parts may have to be measured at a consistent temperature.

Will temperature and part wall thickness variations impact outcome?

Exposure to temperature fluctuation in normal operation may cause part expansion or contraction that makes tight tolerance unnecessary. Or, some plastic parts – especially those made from nylon –lose some of their dimensional stability when they leave a tightly controlled atmosphere and are used in environments with higher moisture content.

INJECTION MOLDER CERTIFICATIONS

In addition to project specifics, OEMs in medical, automotive, military, and consumer and industrial markets

need to verify a custom plastic injection molder's credentials before assigning projects, many times helping to ensure their inclusion on an approved vendor list. Holding industry-specific certifications – ISO, ITAR, IATF, Clean Room, MedAccred, etc. – does more than provide credibility to injection molders. It ensures that the highest standards will be maintained during all project phases and OEMs will be in compliance with their respective industry mandates.

Common Technologies and Processes Used In Custom Plastic Injection Molding

"Custom plastic injection molding is remarkably versatile. OEMs often gain efficiencies – and usually cost savings – with the "one-stop shop" convenience experienced injection molders are able to provide."

MULTI-MATERIAL MOLDING

Multi-material molding allows for the integration of additional materials polymers, metals, and other nonplastics - during molding to add features and simplify assembly. Popular methods of multi-material molding include:

Insert Molding:

There is a perception that insert molding is used to merely create plastic-covered metal cylinders to bolt to brackets, mounts, or other components. While this definition is accurate, it's also narrow. Bearings, custom stampings, flexible circuits, and parts made from powdered metal, rubber, or other materials can be insert-molded as single parts. They could also be combined and configured inside the tool and then sealed together with the plastic during the insert-molding process. Although a custom-made tool that accepts the proposed insert(s) is necessary, the tradeoff in benefits is well worth the investment, since insert molding realizes:

- Improved manufacturability by replacing some post-tool assembly operations such as snap fits, gluing, and the use of screws or other fasteners.
- Cost savings with part number reductions, supplier consolidation, and part tracking and shipping.
- Stronger and more consistent parts compared to those created using secondary operations and manual insertions instead of automated processes offered by some injection molders.

Overmolding (Multi-Shot Molding)

Overmolding, also referred to as multi-shot molding, is a unique injection molding process that results in a seamless combination of multiple materials into a single part or product. It typically includes a rigid, plastic-base component overlaid with a thin, pliable, rubberlike thermoplastic elastomer (TPE) exterior layer or other materials using either a single- or two-shot technique to: • Improve product performance since TPE creates soft surfaces, good grip, and an environmental barrier against shock, vibration, noise, electrical interference, and chemical/UV intrusion.

 Increase shelf appeal with the desired look that helps a product stand out from the competition since TPE can be used to create a visually attractive surface that includes myriad colors and textures.

• Lower production costs by reducing the number of manufacturing steps involved.

METAL-TO-PLASTIC CONVERSION

Metal-to-plastic conversion uses engineered plastics with properties similar – or superior – to metal to improve product or component integrity while also providing:

- Tensile strength comparable to metal
- Reduced part weight
- A highly repeatable process (less scrap)
- Lower manufacturing costs
- Enhanced regulatory compliance
- Greater design flexibility
- Increased market stability for material cost
- Lower packaging and shipping costs

• Lower finishing costs (precolor, surface finish)

How To Select The Right Custom Plastic Injection Molding Partner For Your Complex Application

"Manufacturers have a number of choices in custom plastic injection molders, but working with a true partner can have many benefits for your projects and profitability."

Use this checklist to find your best fit:

 Plastics engineering experts with a proven track record of successes

 Dedicated to molder-customer collaboration from project inception through production

Maintains an in-house tooling team

• Adds value that positively impacts manufacturers' bottom lines A sought-after custom plastic injection molder, Yichyi is the preferred partner to leaders in multiple industries that require injection molding expertise on complex projects. Yichyi's commitment to customer success is evident in our early-supplierinvolvement engineering before product launch – and committed customer service afterward.

Looking for a custom injection molder that's committed to collaborative, valueadded partnerships? Ready to gain a competitive advantage? Contact Our Team



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